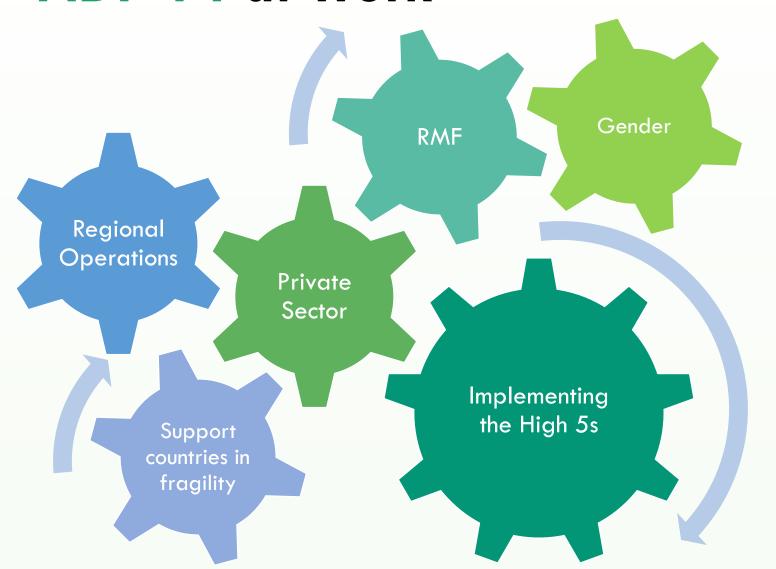


Innovative Financing Instruments under ADF-14

ADF-14 Second Replenishment Meeting

June 30 – July 1, 2016 Abidjan, Côte d'Ivoire

ADF-14 at Work



Ambitious pipeline

New Business Delivery Model

Increased support for private sector in ADF countries

Strong focus on fragility situations

Scale-up ADF resources





Innovations Building Blocks

ADF-14 Working Group

CDLs

Concessional Donor Loans

BLs

Bridge Loans

BDM

Buy-Down Mechanism

During the March Meeting, Deputies agreed that:

Grants as the main source of financing for ADF

ADF long-term sustainability should be preserved

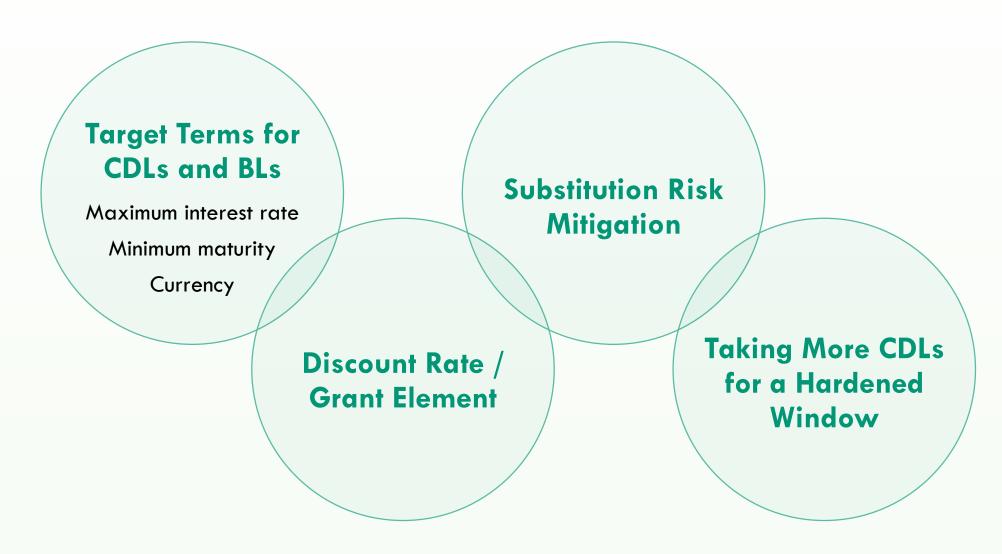
No earmarking of the proceeds of CDLs

Instruments should be attractive in terms of donors recognition and simplicity





Ingredients for Successful Debt in ADF-14







Principles and Terms of CDLs

Principles

- Average CDLs maturity must exceed ADF loans maturity
- CDLs either in:
 - Currencies highly demanded by ADF borrowers (EUR and USD)

OR

If in other currencies, should be swapped into EUR and USD

Preferred Maturity

40 Years

Grace Period

5 Years

Targeted Amount
UA 1.5 bn

Currency & Maximum Interest Rate

| EUR | GBP | JPY | USD |
|------|------|-------|------|
| 0.5% | 1.0% | 0.01% | 0.5% |





Principles and Terms of BLs

Principles

- Amount and maturity to optimize liquidity profile and ACC
- Proceeds will remain in received currency and will be invested in an HTM portfolio with an average duration of 15 years
- Coupon rate must remain below expected return on HTM portfolio

Preferred Maturity

20 Years

Grace Period

10 Years

Targeted Amount
UA 1.0 bn

Currency & Maximum Interest Rate

| EUR | GBP | JPY | USD |
|------|------|-------|------|
| 0.4% | 0.9% | 0.01% | 0.9% |





Discount Rate

March Meeting:

"Net Income Earned Approach"

Discount Rate for both CDLs and BLs

1.75%

Donors interested in CDLs and BLs asked for a

More Attractive Rate Management Proposal:

Discount Rate for both CDLs and BLs

2.65%

(similar to IDA-17)



Substitution Risk Mitigation Rule

March Meeting:

90:10 Rule

- 90% of ADF-13 contribution in grant
- ADF-14 contribution greater or equal to ADF-13 on a grantelement basis

Donors interested in CDLs and BLs asked for an alignment with IDA-

80:20 Rule

Management Proposal:

80:20 Rule





Prioritization Rule

CDLs

- The most concessional rate after any swaps
- 2. The proportion of grants in the contribution

BLs

- Loan that provides
 the best value to the
 Fund
 - (i.e. highest positive differential between the expected return in HTM investments and the borrowing cost of BLs)
- 2. The proportion of grants in the contribution



Contributing to the SDGs

by Availing More Resources to ADF Countries

Strong demand to finance projects with high development impact

- Lend to creditworthy ADF countries additional development resources on hardened but still concessional conditions
- Sustainable alternative to much more expensive resources
- Hardened terms comparable to other MDBs
- CDLs proceeds above UA 1.5 billion to be on-lent on hardened but still concessional terms



Harder Terms Do Not Contradict Debt Sustainability

The ADF Lab paper on the debt sustainability impact of hardened terms

- Hardening by donors part of the new reality of development finance (and not necessarily bad)
- Hardened terms not likely to be a tipping factor in debt sustainability for borrowers
- Essential that hardened terms be accompanied by larger volume of funds and by a hardened policy dialogue with ADF countries



BDM as a Backup Option

- Competition between CDL and BDM since both instruments target the same ADF countries
- BDM has a negative impact on the ACC
- BDM has a negative impact on the Grant Compensation Scheme in the longer term

BDM would only be implemented if there are limited CDLs





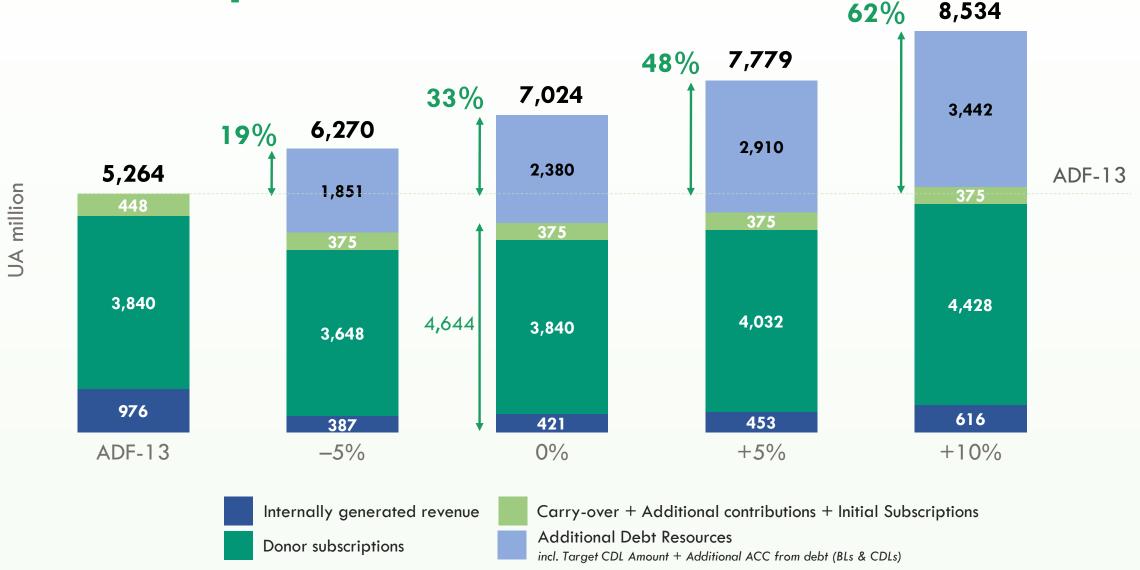
ADF-14 Pipeline







ADF-14 Replenishment Scenarios







ADF-14 Alternative Financing Scenarios

| SCENARIOS | ADF-13 | SCENARIO 1 | SCENARIO 2 |
|---|--------|------------|------------|
| ACC (without Innovative Instruments) | 97 | 6 415 | 5 415 |
| Donor Grant subscriptions | 3,84 | 0 3,502 | 3262 |
| Grant element of Debt (CDL and BL) | | 338 | 578 |
| Change in Donor Grant contributions excluding Grant element of Debt | | -8.8% | -15.1% |
| Change in Donor Grant contributions including Grant element of Debt | | 0% | 0% |
| Additional contributions | 2 | 0 | |
| Initial Subscriptions | 5 | 0 | |
| Carry-over amounts | 37 | 8 389 | 389 |
| Total resources | 5,26 | 4 4,644 | 4,644 |
| Additional Resources | n/a | | |
| of which: Target CDL Amount net of grant element | | 723 | 723 |
| of which: Additional ACC from CDL and BL | | 221 | 596 |
| Total resources, including additional resources | 5,26 | 4 5,588 | 5,963 |
| Change in total resources | | 6.2% | 13.3% |

- Scenario 1: CDL of UA 1.06 billion *
- Frant subscriptions + Grant element of debt = 3840

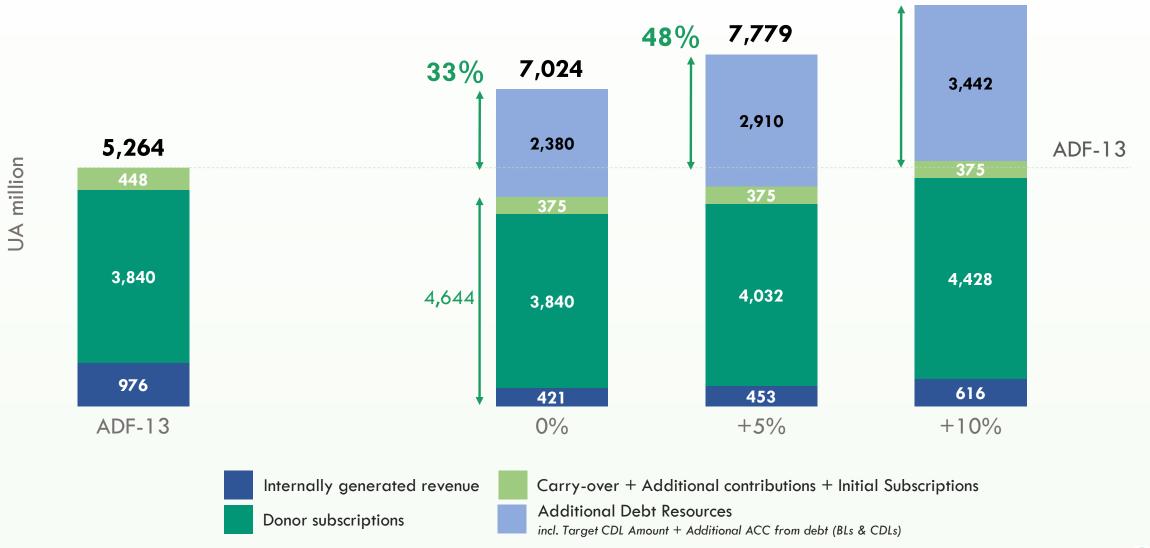
= Scenario 1 + BL of UA 1 billion

^{*}discount assumed at 2.65% for a 5/35 year CDL at 0.5% . NO BL



Scenario 2 :

ADF-14 Replenishment Scenarios







8,534

62%



- Ambitious objectives for ADF-14
 TYS scaled up around the high 5's
 New Business Delivery Model
- Maintaining grants supplemented by BLs and CDLs
 Key ingredients for success
- Looking forward to capitals' indications on their contributions

